I therefore propose to call the Western Australian shell Chrysostoma obtusa (Dillwyn, 1817).

Trochus obtusus Dillwyn, 1817, Descriptive Cat., II, 1817, p. 809 (not of authors).

Trochus obtusus Chemnitz, 1795, (non-binomial) Conch. Cab. XI, p. 167, tab. 196 of 1884–5.

Trochus obtusus Philippi, 1846. Syst. Conch. Cab. (Martini & Chemnitz), Bd. II, Abth. 3, p. 19, Taf. 4, fig. 3, 4.

The collectors give the following information on habitat "Living on and around a small stone in six feet of water, surrounded by *Posidonia*. Twenty-five yards south Jervois Groin, Naval Base, Cockburn Sound, W. Australia."

NEW NAME FOR MUREX ESPINOSUS MACP.

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Murex espinosus Macp, was described in Memoirs, National Museum, Melbourne No. 24, December, 1959, p. 55 but the name is preoccupied by Hutton, 1886 (Trans. N. Zeal, Instit., vol. 18, p. 333) who used it for a Pleistocene fossil. Therefore I propose to replace it by Murex tweedianus.